

PETG Translucent

• Basic Info

Bambu PETG Translucent stands out with its exceptional printing characteristics, setting it apart from standard PETG materials. This specially tuned filament minimizes common issues like nozzle sticking, leakage, and clumping during the printing process, providing a hassle-free experience compared to ordinary PETG materials. The filament also exhibits water resistance, UV resistance, and resistance to temperature changes, making it an excellent choice for outdoor applications.

• Specifications

Subjects	Data
Diameter	1.75 mm
Net Filament Weight	1 kg
Spool Material	ABS (Temperature resistance 70 °C)
Spool Size	Diameter: 200 mm; Height: 67 mm

• Recommended Printing Settings

Subjects	Data
Drying Settings before Printing	Blast Drying Oven: 65 °C, 8 h X1 Series Printer Heatbed: 75 - 85 °C, 12 h
Printing and Storage Humidity	< 20% RH (Sealed with desiccant)
Nozzle Size	0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8 mm
Nozzle Temperature	230 - 270 °C
Build Plate Type	Engineering Plate, High Temperature Plate or Textured PEI Plate
Bed Surface Preparation	Glue
Bed Temperature	65 - 75 °C
Cooling Fan	0 - 60%
Printing Speed	< 220 mm/s
Retraction Length	0.8 - 1.4 mm
Retraction Speed	30 - 60 mm/s
Chamber Temperature	35 - 50 °C

Max Overhang Angle	~ 70 °
Max Bridging Length	~ 30 mm

• Properties

Bambu Lab has tested the differing aspects in the performance of PETG Translucent material, including physical, mechanical, and chemical properties. Typical values are listed as followed:

Physical Properties			
Subjects	Testing Methods	Data	
Density	ISO 1183	1.25 g/cm ³	
Melt Index	230 °C, 2.16 kg	11.7 ± 1.5 g/10 min	
Melting Temperature	DSC, 10 °C/min	228 °C	
Glass Transition Temperature	DSC, 10 °C/min	70 °C	
Crystallization Temperature	DSC, 10 °C/min	N / A	
Vicar Softening Temperature	ISO 306, GB/T 1633	79 °C	
Heat Deflection Temperature	ISO 75 1.8 MPa	68 °C	
Heat Deflection Temperature	ISO 75 0.45 MPa	74 °C	
Saturated Water Absorption Rate	25 °C, 55% RH	0.30%	

Mechanical Properties		
Subjects	Testing Methods	Data
Young's Modulus (X-Y)	ISO 527, GB/T 1040	1420 ± 160 MPa
Young's Modulus (Z)	ISO 527, GB/T 1040	1230 ± 140 MPa
Tensile Strength (X-Y)	ISO 527, GB/T 1040	33 ± 4 MPa
Tensile Strength (Z)	ISO 527, GB/T 1040	29 ± 3 MPa
Breaking Elongation Rate (X-Y)	ISO 527, GB/T 1040	8.2 ± 1.3 %
Breaking Elongation Rate (Z)	ISO 527, GB/T 1040	5.2 ± 0.9 %
Bending Modulus (X-Y)	ISO 178, GB/T 9341	1610 ± 130 MPa
Bending Modulus (Z)	ISO 178, GB/T 9341	1520 ± 110 MPa
Bending Strength (X-Y)	ISO 178, GB/T 9341	68 ± 3 MPa
Bending Strength (Z)	ISO 178, GB/T 9341	55 ± 4 MPa
Impact Strength (X-Y)	ISO 179, GB/T 1043	37.4 ± 3.3 kJ/m²; 8.6 ± 2.1 kJ/m² (notched)
Impact Strength (Z)	ISO 179, GB/T 1043	7.2 ± 1.8 kJ/m ²

Other Physical and Chemical Properties		
Subjects	Data	
Odor	Odorless	
Composition	PETG	
Skin Hazards	No hazard	
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal storage and handling conditions	
Solubility	Insoluble in water	
Resistance to Acid	Not resistant	
Resistance to Alkali	Not resistant	
Resistance to Organic Solvent	Not resistant to some organic solvents	
Resistance to Oil and Grease	Resistant to most kinds of oil and grease	
Flammability	Flammable	
Combustion Products	Water, carbon oxides	
Odor of Combustion Products	Odorless	

• Specimen Test

Specimen Printing Conditions		
Subjects	Data	
Nozzle Temperature	255 °C	
Bed Temperature	70 °C	
Printing Speed	150 mm/s	
Infill Density	100%	

* All the specimens were printed at the following settings: Nozzle Temperature = 255 °C, Printing Speed = 150 mm/s, Bed Temperature = 70 °C, Infill Density = 100%. All the specimens were annealed and dried at 65 °C for 8 h before testing. It's not recommended to anneal prints of PETG Translucent, because only very limited promotion of properties can obtain while prints with not very simple shape and structure may deform obviously. If you do want to anneal them, the suggested temperature is 60 to 70 °C, and the time is 6 to 12 hours. When drying the filament and annealing the prints, it's required to use an oven that has big enough inside volume and can provides even temperature distribution, such as a blast drying oven (forced-air drying oven), and the filament and prints need to be away from the heater, and a micro-wave oven or kitchen oven is not compatible, otherwise the filament and prints can get damaged.

1. Tensile Testing



2. Bending Testing



3. Impact Testing





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• Disclaimer

The performance values are tested by standard samples at Bambu Lab, and the values are for design reference and comparison only. Actual 3D printing model performance is related to many other factors, including printers, printing conditions, printing models, printing parameters, etc.

In the process of using Bambu Lab 3D printing filaments, users are responsible for the legality, safety, and performance indicators of printing. Bambu Lab is not responsible for the use of materials and scenarios and is not responsible for any damage that occurs in the process of using our filaments.